

Option & Purchase Agreement Clauses Cheat Sheet

For Screenwriters & Indie Filmmakers

By Lex Nova Lawyer x Thoolie

Everything you need to understand and negotiate script and life rights deals — even without a lawyer at your side.

Key Deal Terms & Definitions

<i>Clause</i>	<i>What It Means</i>	<i>Example Clause (Plain English)</i>	<i>What to Watch Out For</i>
Option Period	The window of time the producer has to decide whether to buy your script or rights.	<i>“Producer shall have the exclusive right to purchase the Property for a period of 12 months, with one 6-month extension upon payment of an additional \$2,500.”</i>	Don’t allow indefinite options. Insist on a cap and clear expiration date.
Option Fee	The money you get for granting the option (i.e., to take the script off the market).	<i>“Writer shall be paid \$5,000 for the initial Option Period, and \$2,500 for each extension.”</i>	Make sure the fee is paid on signing , not after delivery or development.
Purchase Price	What they’ll pay if they exercise the option and acquire full rights.	<i>“If the Option is exercised, Producer shall pay Writer \$40,000 as the Purchase Price.”</i>	Confirm this is in addition to the Option Fee — not inclusive.
Backend (Profit Participation)	Your share of revenue after the film is sold or released.	<i>“Writer shall receive 5% of 100% of Net Profits, defined as revenues after recoupment of production costs.”</i>	Ask to see the definition of ‘Net Profits’ — it’s often written to mean zero.
Credit	What screen credit you’re entitled to if the film is made.	<i>“Writer shall receive ‘Written by’ credit, subject to WGA credit arbitration if applicable.”</i>	Specify the exact wording and whether it’s front-end or end credit.
Reversion Clause	What happens if they don’t make the movie — and your rights return.	<i>“If Producer fails to commence principal photography within 36 months of exercising the Option, all rights shall revert to Writer.”</i>	Push for automatic reversion without having to return money.

Negotiation Notes + Smart Add-Ons

Development Rights

These define what the producer can do during the Option Period (e.g., pitch to studios, attach talent).

Example:

“Producer may pitch, develop, and attach talent during the Option Period but may not exploit or sell the Property without exercising the Option.”

Watch Out For:

Vague rights that let them shop your script forever without commitment.

Extension Options

Don’t let producers sit on your rights for years without paying.

Example:

“Producer may extend the Option for an additional 6 months by paying \$2,500 before the expiration of the initial Option Period.”

Tip:

Negotiate higher fees for each extension — and limit the total option window to 18–24 months max.

Life Rights (if based on a real person)

If your script is based on a real person, make sure the agreement covers rights to their name, likeness, and story — and who’s indemnifying what.

Example:

“Writer represents that life rights to [Name] have been secured and will be assigned upon exercise of the Option.”

Reversion Triggers

Define exactly when your rights return.

Use this:

“If no purchase is made or principal photography has not begun within [36] months of Option exercise, all rights revert without further obligation to Writer.”

BONUS CLAUSE: First Right of Re-Option

Let’s you re-license the project if the producer wants to try again later.

Example:

“In the event rights revert, Producer shall have a 30-day first right to re-option the Property under mutually agreeable terms.”

Want to skip redlining from scratch?

Use Thoolie’s built-in **Option & Purchase Agreement templates**, customized for indie deals and rights protection. Store your clauses, generate redlines, and track reversion timelines all in one place.